



## Spinal Surgery – Epidural Injection

### Introduction

The Covid pandemic has had a significant impact on the NHS ability to provide routine elective services. We recognise that patients are waiting longer than we would all like and it is not always possible to identify when treatment will take place. This document provides you with information on how you are able to support yourself while waiting to attend the hospital. The guidance has been written by clinicians who are responsible for your care.

### Guidance for Patients

There are things you can do to stay well and get your body ready for surgery or other hospital treatment. This will also help you feel more in control. Even small changes can make a big difference to your health.

- Stop smoking to improve your body's ability to heal and to improve your lung function. Guidance on the support available to help you stop smoking can be found on [the NICE website](#).
- Exercise regularly to improve your muscle strength. You will find gentle walking and swimming beneficial. Avoid sitting down for long periods as this will stiffen your joints and increase your pain. [Get active - Better Health - NHS \(www.nhs.uk\)](#)
- Reduce your alcohol intake to less than 14 units per week as recommended for both male and female (or preferably below). This will improve your ability to heal after surgery.
- Take care of your mental health by preparing yourself for your appointment/procedure, to help reduce anxiety and stress.
- Take your prescribed medication as instructed.
- Please keep a note of the location and severity of pain before the injection, as it will allow you to judge the benefits from the injection afterwards. The accuracy about the quality and amount of benefit received following the injection is important to help plan further treatments.
- The injections have a diagnostic purpose- to confirm or refute whether the pain arises from the site of injection & a therapeutic purpose – to give relief from pain in the short and medium term. The aim of the injection may be to do either or both aims.

To view all of our leaflets please log on to our website <https://www.rjah.nhs.uk/> and under the For Patients section, select patient leaflets.

## My Planned Care Patient Information Platform

### What should I do if my health is deteriorating?

If you develop weakness or loss of sensations in the leg, then please contact your Consultant for further guidance and help.

If you feel that your nerve pain is worsening, please contact your General Practitioner in the first instance and they will either be able to support you or inform your consultant about your condition if they feel that this is appropriate.

If you are unable to speak to your GP please call 111 for advice or visit <https://111.nhs.uk/>

For something life threatening – severe bleeding, breathing difficulties or chest pains – please dial 999.

### Contact Us

Email : [rjah.accesspatientqueries@nhs.net](mailto:rjah.accesspatientqueries@nhs.net)

Please note: This mailbox is monitored Monday-Friday during office hours.

Outside of these times please use 111 as indicated above.